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A Property Types Registry for the Authentication-Results Header Field

Abstract

This document updates RFC 7001 by creating a registry for property types in the Authentication-Results header field, used in email authentication work, rather than limiting participants to using the original, small set of fixed values.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

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Kucherawy

Standards Track

[Page 1]

Table of Contents

1.	ntroduction	2
2.	pdated "ptype" Definition	2
3.	ANA Considerations	3
4.	ecurity Considerations	4
5.	ormative References	5
Ackı	vledgements	5
Autl	's Address	5

1. Introduction

[RFC7001] defines the email Authentication-Results header field that presents the results of an authentication effort in a machinereadable format. The header field creates a place to collect the output from authentication processes that are disjoint from later processes that might use the output, such as analysis, filtering, or sorting mechanisms.

The specification in that document enumerated a small set of types of properties that can be reported using this mechanism. There has emerged a desire to report types of properties about a message through this mechanism. Accordingly, this document updates the specification to allow for additional property types ("ptypes") beyond the original set and creates a registry where new ones can be listed and their defining documents referenced.

2. Updated "ptype" Definition

Advanced Backus Naur Form (ABNF) is defined in [RFC5234].

The ABNF in Section 2.2 of [RFC7001] is updated as follows:

ptype = Keyword

- ; indicates whether the property being evaluated was
- ; a parameter to an [SMTP] command, was a value taken
- ; from a message header field, was some property of
- ; the message body, or was some other property evaluated by
- ; the receiving Message Transfer Agent (MTA)

The ABNF token "Keyword" is defined in Section 4.1.2 of [RFC5321].

Kucherawy

Standards Track

[Page 2]

Legal values of "ptype" are as defined in the IANA "Email Authentication Property Types" registry (see Section 3). The initial values are as follows, matching those defined in [RFC7001]:

- body: Indicates information that was extracted from the body of the message. This might be an arbitrary string of bytes, a hash of a string of bytes, a Uniform Resource Identifier, or some other content of interest.
- header: Indicates information that was extracted from the header of the message. This might be the value of a header field or some portion of a header field.
- policy: A local policy mechanism was applied that augments or overrides the result returned by the authentication mechanism. See Section 2.3 of [RFC7001].
- smtp: Indicates information that was extracted from an SMTP command that was used to relay the message.

When a consumer of this header field encounters a "ptype" that it does not understand, it ignores the result reported with that "ptype".

3. IANA Considerations

IANA has created the "Email Authentication Property Types" subregistry within the existing "Email Authentication Parameters" registry. Entries in this registry are subject to the Expert Review rules as described in [RFC5226]. Each entry in the registry requires the following values:

- o The "ptype" token to be registered, which must fit within the ABNF described in Section 2.
- o A brief description of what sort of information this "ptype" is meant to cover.
- o An optional reference to the defining document. This is recommended, but not required.

Kucherawy

Standards Track

[Page 3]

The initial entries in this table are as follows, taken from [RFC7001]:

+		
ptype	Definition	Description
body 	RFC 7001 Section 2.2	The property being reported was found in the body of the message.
header	RFC 7001 Section 2.2	The property being reported was found in a header field of the message.
policy	RFC 7001 Section 2.3	The property being reported relates to a locally defined policy.
+	RFC 7001 Section 2.2	The property being reported is a parameter to an SMTP command used to relay the message.

For new entries, the Designated Expert needs to assure that the description provided for the new entry adequately describes the intended use. An example would be helpful to include in the entry's defining document, if any, although entries in the "Email Authentication Methods" registry or the "Email Authentication Result Names" registry might also serve as examples of intended use.

4. Security Considerations

It is unknown how legacy code, which expects one of a fixed set of "ptype" tokens, will handle new tokens as they begin to appear. There are typically two options: prevent delivery of the message, or ignore those portions of the field that use unknown "ptype" tokens and allow processing of the message to continue.

The choice comes down to whether the consumer considers it a threat when there are unknown "ptypes" present. The semantics of the report are unknown; the report might be indicating the message is authentic, fraudulent, or that a test failed to complete. The report itself is not actionable because it cannot be understood, and only its presence is certain.

Generally, the advice in this situation is to ignore unknown "ptypes". It is anticipated that a new property type evaluated by earlier handling agents would also result in the filtering of messages by those agents until consumers can be updated to interpret them.

Kucherawy

Standards Track

[Page 4]

RFC 7410 Authentication-Results Property Types December 2014

5. Normative References

- [RFC5226] Narten, T. and H. Alvestrand, "Guidelines for Writing an IANA Considerations Section in RFCs", BCP 26, RFC 5226, May 2008, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5226>.
- [RFC5234] Crocker, D. and P. Overell, "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF", STD 68, RFC 5234, January 2008, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5234>.
- [RFC5321] Klensin, J., "Simple Mail Transfer Protocol", RFC 5321, October 2008, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5321>.
- [RFC7001] Kucherawy, M., "Message Header Field for Indicating Message Authentication Status", RFC 7001, September 2013, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7001>.

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Standards Track