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Definitions and Managed Objects for Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) Functions on Ethernet-Like Interfaces

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This document defines objects for managing Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) capabilities on Ethernet-like interfaces conformant to the Ethernet OAM functionality defined in the Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) clauses of the Ethernet standards. The Ethernet OAM functionality is complementary to the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) in that it is focused on a small set of link-specific functions for directly connected Ethernet interfaces. This document defines objects for controlling those link OAM functions and for providing results and status of the OAM functions to management entities.

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1. Introduction

The IEEE 802.3ah Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) taskforce added new management capabilities to Ethernet-like interfaces. These management capabilities were introduced to provide some basic Ordered Aggregate (OA) function on Ethernet media. The defined functionality includes discovery, error signaling, loopback, and link monitoring. This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community to manage these new Ethernet interface capabilities.

Conventions Used in This Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

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Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Overview

Ethernet networks have evolved over the past 30 years from simple LANs to a variety of other applications, including wide-area networks. To address some of these emerging markets, the IEEE 802.3ah taskforce defined additional clauses in [802.3ah] for the IEEE 802.3 standard [802.3-2002] to better address Ethernet deployments in the public-access network. Although Ethernet-access deployments were the primary motivation for the taskforce activity, the results of the taskforce are not strictly limited to that application. Ethernet OAM can be implemented on Ethernet links that are not EFM.

The Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) taskforce was focused on four somewhat independent objectives to better address Ethernet access deployments: optics, copper, Ethernet passive optical networks (Ethernet PON, or EPON), and operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM). The optics sub-taskforce developed new optical physical layers that better served the long-reach outside plant networks typically found in the access network, including developing physical layers that operate up to 20 Km and supporting the environmental conditions of access deployments. The copper subtaskforce developed two new physical layers that run Ethernet natively over existing twisted pair wires that have been supporting voice services for decades. The EPON sub-taskforce developed a new point-to-multipoint Ethernet physical layer, utilizing Ethernet framing natively over a time-division multiple-access (TDMA) infrastructure. The OAM sub-taskforce introduced some basic management functionality into an Ethernet link to better monitor and maintain Ethernet networks in geographically disparate networks.

This document defines the management objects necessary to integrate Ethernet OAM functionality into the SNMP management framework.

Ethernet OAM is composed of a core set of functions and a set of optional functional groups. The mandatory functions include discovery operations (determining if the other end of the link is OA capable and what OAM functions it supports), state machine implementation, and some critical event flows. The optional functional groups are for (a) link events, (b) remote loopback, and (c) variable retrieval and response. Each optional functional group is controlled by a separate MIB table(s).

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Ethernet OAM is complementary with SNMP management in that it provides some basic management functions at layer two, rather than using layer three and above as required by SNMP over an IP infrastructure. Ethernet OAM provides single-hop functionality in that it works only between two directly connected Ethernet stations. SNMP can be used to manage the Ethernet OAM interactions of one Ethernet station with another.

Ethernet OAM has three functional objectives, which are detailed in the next three sections. The definition of a basic Ethernet OA protocol data unit is given in Section 3.4.

3.1. Remote Fault Indication

Remote fault indication provides a mechanism for one end of an Ethernet link to signal the other end that the receive path is nonoperational. Some Ethernet physical layers offer mechanisms to signal this condition at the physical layer. Ethernet OAM added a mechanism so that some Ethernet physical layers can operate in unidirectional mode, allowing frames to be transmitted in one direction even when the other direction is non-operational. Traditionally, Ethernet PHYs do not allow frame transmission in one direction if the other direction is not operational. Using this mode, Ethernet OAM allows frame-based signaling of remote fault conditions while still not allowing higher-layer applications to be aware of the unidirectional capability. This document includes mechanisms for capturing that fault information and reflecting such information in objects and notifications within the SNMP management framework.

3.2. Link Monitoring

Ethernet OAM includes event signaling capability so that one end of an Ethernet link can indicate the occurrence of certain important events to the other end of the link. This happens via layer two protocols. This document defines methods for incorporating the occurrence of these layer two events, both at the local end and far end of the link, into the SNMP management framework.

Ethernet OAM also includes mechanisms for one Ethernet station to query another directly connected Ethernet station about the status of its Ethernet interface variables and status. This document does not include mechanisms for controlling how one Ethernet endpoint may use this functionality to query the status or statistics of a peer Ethernet entity.

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3.3. Remote Loopback

Remote loopback is a link state where the peer Ethernet entity echoes every received packet (without modifications) back onto the link. Remote loopback is intrusive in that the other end of the link is not forwarding traffic from higher layers out over the link. This document defines objects controlling loopback operation and reading the status of the loopback state.

3.4. Ethernet OAM Protocol Data Units

An Ethernet OAM protocol data unit is a valid Ethernet frame with a destination Media Access Control (MAC) address equal to the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, and a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for Ethernet OAM.

OAMPDU is used throughout this document as an abbreviation for Ethernet OAM protocol data unit. OAMPDUs are the mechanism by which two directly connected Ethernet interfaces exchange OA information.

4. Relation to the Other MIB Modules

The definitions presented here are based on Clauses 30 and 57 of [802.3ah]. Note that these clauses describe many of these variables and their effects on the MAC layer. In some cases, there is a oneto-one relationship between an object in this document and an object in the Clause 30 MIB of [802.3ah]. In other cases, the objects of this document reflect a more complex entity and are reflected by more than one object in the Clause 30 MIB of [802.3ah].

4.1. Relation to Other MIB Modules

The objects defined in this document manage OAM functionality introduced in [802.3ah] These objects do not overlap with the interfaces MIB [RFC2863], the Ethernet-like interfaces MIB [RFC3635], or any other MIB currently used to manage various aspects of an Ethernet interface. The objects defined here are defined for Ethernet-like interfaces only and use the same ifIndex as the associated Ethernet interface. Ethernet OAM can be implemented on any Ethernet-like interface.

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4.2. Relation to Other EFM MIB Modules

The Ethernet OAM functionality and MIB Module is independent of the other functionality and MIB Modules derived from [802.3ah] for copper [802.3ah-copper] and EPON [802.3ah-epon]. Ethernet OAM may be implemented (or not) on the new EFM interface types, just as it can on any other Ethernet interface.

4.3. Mapping of IEEE 802.3ah Managed Objects

This section contains the mapping between managed objects defined in [802.3ah] Clause 30, and managed objects defined in this document.

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object	Corresponding SNMP object		
OOA			
.aOAMID	IF-MIB ifIndex		
.aOAMAdminState	dot30amAdminState		
.aOAMMode	dot30amMode		
.aOAMDiscoveryState	dot30am0perStatus		
.aOAMRemoteMACAddress	dot30amPeerMacAddress		
.aOAMLocalConfiguration	dot30amFunctionsSupported		
.aOAMRemoteConfiguration	dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported,		
	dot30amPeerMode		
.aOAMLocalPDUConfiguration	dot30amMax0amPduSize		
.aOAMRemotePDUConfiguration	dot30amPeerMaxOamPduSize		
.aOAMLocalFlagsField	dot30amOperStatus,		
	dot30amEventLogEntry		
.aOAMRemoteFlagsField	dot30am0perStatus,		
	dot30amEventLogEntry		
.aOAMLocalRevision	dot30amConfigRevision		
.aOAMRemoteRevision	dot30amPeerConfigRevision		
.aOAMLocalState	dot30amLoopbackStatus		
.aOAMRemoteState	dot30amLoopbackStatus		
.aOAMRemoteVendorOUI	dot30amPeerVendorOui		
.aOAMRemoteVendorSpecificInfo	dot30amPeerVendorInfo		
.aOAMUnsupportedCodesTx	dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx		
.aOAMUnsupportedCodesRx	dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx		
.aOAMInformationTx	dot30amInformationTx		
.aOAMInformationRx	dot30amInformationRx		
.aOAMUniqueEventNotificationTx	dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx		
.aOAMUniqueEventNotificationRx	dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx		
.aOAMDuplicateEventNotification	Tx		
	dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx		
.aOAMDuplicateEventNotification			
	dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx		
.aOAMLoopbackControlTx	dot30amLoopbackControlTx		

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.aOAMLoopbackControlRx	dot30amLoopbackControlRx	
.aOAMVariableRequestTx	dot30amVariableRequestTx	
.aOAMVariableRequestRx	dot30amVariableRequestRx	
.aOAMVariableResponseTx	dot30amVariableResponseTx	
.aOAMVariableResponseRx	dot30amVariableResponseRx	
.aOAMOrganizationSpecificTx	dot30amOrgSpecificTx	
.aOAMOrganizationSpecificRx	dot30amOrgSpecificTx	
.aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodConfig	dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindow,	
	dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold	
.aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodEvent	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMLocalErrFrameConfig	dot30amErrFrameWindow,	
	dot30amErrFrameThreshold	
.aOAMLocalErrFrameEvent	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodConfig	dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow,	
	dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold	
.aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodEvent	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryConfig		
	dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow,	
	dot30amErrFrameSecssummaryThreshold	
.aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryEv		
	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMRemoteErrSymPeriodEvent	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMRemoteErrFrameEvent	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMRemoteErrFramePeriodEvent	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aOAMRemoteErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent		
	dot30amEventLogEntry	
.aFramesLostDueToOAmError	dot30amFramesLostDueToOam	
.acOAMAdminControl	dot30amAdminState	

There are no IEEE 802.3ah managed objects that are not reflected in this MIB Module in some manner.

5. MIB Structure

The Ethernet OAM MIB objects of this memo focus on the OA capabilities introduced in [802.3ah]. The MIB objects are partitioned into six different MIB groups.

The dot30amTable group manages the primary OAM objects of the Ethernet interface. This group controls the state and status of OA as well as the mode in which it operates.

The dot30amPeerTable maintains the current information on the status and configuration of the peer OAM entity on the Ethernet interface. Managed information includes the capabilities and function available on the peer OAM entity.

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The dot30amLoopbackTable manages the loopback function introduced in [802.3ah]. This table controls enabling and disabling loopback, as well as indicating the loopback status of Ethernet OAM on this interface.

The dot30amStatsTable maintains statistics on the number and type of Ethernet OAM frames being transmitted and received on the Ethernet interface.

The dot30amEventConfigTable defines the objects for managing the event notification capability available in Ethernet OAM. With Ethernet OAM, one device may send notifications to its peer devices whenever an important event happens on the local device. This table provides management of which events result in notifications via Ethernet OAM notifications and/or via SNMP notifications.

The dot30amEventLogTable manages the current status of local and remote events detected via Ethernet OAM. This table is updated whenever local events are detected by Ethernet OAM or whenever Ethernet OAM Event Notifications are received from the peer OA entity.

There are two notifications defined to report Ethernet OAM events (one for threshold crossing events, one for non-threshold crossing events). Both notifications are contained within the same conformance group.

6. MIB Definition

DOT3-OAM-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS MODULE-IDENTITY, mib-2, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32, Unsigned32, Integer32, NOTIFICATION-TYPE FROM SNMPv2-SMI -- from [RFC2578] TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, MacAddress, TimeStamp, TruthValue

FROM SNMPv2-TC -- from [RFC2579] CounterBasedGauge64 FROM HCNUM-TC -- from [RFC2856] ifIndex FROM IF-MIB -- from [RFC2863] MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF;

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```
dot30amMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
  LAST-UPDATED "200706140000Z" -- June 14,2007"
  ORGANIZATION
    "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group"
 CONTACT-INFO
    "WG Charter:
     http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/hubmib-charter.html
   Mailing lists:
     General Discussion: hubmib@ietf.org
     To Subscribe: hubmib-requests@ietf.org
     In Body: subscribe your_email_address
   Chair: Bert Wijnen
     Alcatel-Lucent
     Email: bwijnen at alcatel-lucent dot com
   Editor: Matt Squire
     Hatteras Networks
     E-mail: msquire at hatterasnetworks dot com
```

DESCRIPTION

-- from [RFC2580]

"The MIB module for managing the new Ethernet OAM features introduced by the Ethernet in the First Mile taskforce (IEEE 802.3ah). The functionality presented here is based on IEEE 802.3ah [802.3ah], released in October, 2004. [802.3ah] was prepared as an addendum to the standing version of IEEE 802.3 [802.3-2002]. Since then, [802.3ah] has been merged into the base IEEE 802.3 specification in [802.3-2005].

In particular, this MIB focuses on the new OAM functions introduced in Clause 57 of [802.3ah]. The OAM functionality of Clause 57 is controlled by new management attributes introduced in Clause 30 of [802.3ah]. The OAM functions are not specific to any particular Ethernet physical layer, and can be generically applied to any Ethernet interface of [802.3-2002].

An Ethernet OAM protocol data unit is a valid Ethernet frame with a destination MAC address equal to the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, and a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for Ethernet OAM. OAMPDU is used throughout this document as an abbreviation for Ethernet OAM protocol data unit.

The following reference is used throughout this MIB module:

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[802.3ah] refers to: IEEE Std 802.3ah-2004: 'Draft amendment to -Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications - Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and Management Parameters for subscriber access networks', October 2004. [802.3-2002] refers to: IEEE Std 802.3-2002: 'Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications - Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and Management Parameters for subscriber access networks', March 2002. [802.3-2005] refers to: IEEE Std 802.3-2005: 'Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications - Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and Management Parameters for subscriber access networks', December 2005. [802-2001] refers to: 'IEEE Standard for LAN/MAN (Local Area Network/Metropolitan Area Network): Overview and Architecture', IEEE 802, June 2001. Copyright (c) The IETF Trust (2007). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 4878; See the RFC itself for full legal notices. " "200706140000Z" -- June 14, 2007" REVISION DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC 4878." ::= { mib-2 158 } -- Sections of the Ethernet OAM MIB

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```
dot3OamNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot3OamMIB 0 }
  dot30amObjectsOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amMIB 1 }dot30amConformanceOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amMIB 2 }
_ _
-- Textual conventions for the OAM MIB
_ _
EightOTwoOui ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier. Information on
   OUIs can be found in IEEE 802-2001 [802-2001], Clause 9."
          OCTET STRING(SIZE(3))
 SYNTAX
-- Ethernet OAM Control group
_ _
dot30amTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "This table contains the primary controls and status for the
   OAM capabilities of an Ethernet-like interface. There will be
   one row in this table for each Ethernet-like interface in the
   system that supports the OAM functions defined in [802.3ah].
  ::= { dot30amObjects 1 }
dot30amEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Dot30amEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "An entry in the table that contains information on the
   Ethernet OAM function for a single Ethernet like interface.
   Entries in the table are created automatically for each
   interface supporting Ethernet OAM. The status of the row
   entry can be determined from dot30amOperStatus.
   A dot30amEntry is indexed in the dot30amTable by the ifIndex
   object of the Interfaces MIB.
   ....
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amTable 1 }
```

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```
Dot30amEntry ::=
 SEQUENCE {
   dot30amAdminState
                                     INTEGER,
   dot30amOperStatus
                                      INTEGER,
                                     INTEGER,
   dot30amMode
   dot30amMax0amPduSize
                                     Unsigned32,
   dot30amConfigRevision
                                     Unsigned32,
   dot30amFunctionsSupported
                                     BITS
  }
dot30amAdminState OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
          INTEGER {
               enabled(1),
               disabled(2)
              }
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
             current
 STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
    "This object is used to provision the default administrative
   OAM mode for this interface. This object represents the
   desired state of OAM for this interface.
   The dot30amAdminState always starts in the disabled(2) state
   until an explicit management action or configuration
   information retained by the system causes a transition to the
   enabled(1) state. When enabled(1), Ethernet OAM will attempt
    to operate over this interface.
    ....
 REFERENCE
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.2"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 1 }
dot30amOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
               disabled(1),
               linkFault(2),
               passiveWait(3),
               activeSendLocal(4),
               sendLocalAndRemote(5),
                sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6),
               oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7),
               oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8),
               operational(9),
               nonOperHalfDuplex(10)
              }
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
         current
 DESCRIPTION
    "At initialization and failure conditions, two OAM entities on
```

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the same full-duplex Ethernet link begin a discovery phase to determine what OAM capabilities may be used on that link. The progress of this initialization is controlled by the OA sublayer.

This value is always disabled(1) if OAM is disabled on this interface via the dot30amAdminState.

If the link has detected a fault and is transmitting OAMPDUs with a link fault indication, the value is linkFault(2). Also, if the interface is not operational (ifOperStatus is not up(1)), linkFault(2) is returned. Note that the object ifOperStatus may not be up(1) as a result of link failure or administrative action (ifAdminState being down(2) or testing(3)).

The passiveWait(3) state is returned only by OAM entities in passive mode (dot30amMode) and reflects the state in which the OAM entity is waiting to see if the peer device is OA capable. The activeSendLocal(4) value is used by active mode devices (dot30amMode) and reflects the OAM entity actively trying to discover whether the peer has OAM capability but has not yet made that determination.

The state sendLocalAndRemote(5) reflects that the local OA entity has discovered the peer but has not yet accepted or rejected the configuration of the peer. The local device can, for whatever reason, decide that the peer device is unacceptable and decline OAM peering. If the local OAM entity rejects the peer OAM entity, the state becomes oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7). If the OAM peering is allowed by the local device, the state moves to sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6). Note that both the sendLocalAndRemote(5) and oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7) states fall within the state SEND_LOCAL_REMOTE of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5], with the difference being whether the local OAM client has actively rejected the peering or has just not indicated any decision yet. Whether a peering decision has been made is indicated via the local flags field in the OAMPDU (reflected in the aOAMLocalFlagsField of 30.3.6.1.10).

If the remote OAM entity rejects the peering, the state becomes oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8). Note that both the sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6) and oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8) states fall within the state SEND_LOCAL_REMOTE_OK of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5], with the difference being whether the remote OAM client has rejected

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the peering or has just not yet decided. This is indicated via the remote flags field in the OAMPDU (reflected in the aOAMRemoteFlagsField of 30.3.6.1.11).

When the local OAM entity learns that both it and the remote OAM entity have accepted the peering, the state moves to operational(9) corresponding to the SEND_ANY state of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5].

Since Ethernet OAM functions are not designed to work completely over half-duplex interfaces, the value nonOperHalfDuplex(10) is returned whenever Ethernet OAM is enabled (dot30amAdminState is enabled(1)), but the interface is in half-duplex operation.

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.4, 30.3.6.1.10, 30.3.6.1.11" ::= { dot30amEntry 2 }

dot30amMode OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX

```
INTEGER {
   passive(1),
   active(2)
 }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"This object configures the mode of OAM operation for this Ethernet-like interface. OAM on Ethernet interfaces may be in 'active' mode or 'passive' mode. These two modes differ in that active mode provides additional capabilities to initiate monitoring activities with the remote OAM peer entity, while passive mode generally waits for the peer to initiate OA actions with it. As an example, an active OAM entity can put the remote OAM entity in a loopback state, where a passive OA entity cannot.

The default value of dot30amMode is dependent on the type of system on which this Ethernet-like interface resides. The default value should be 'active(2)' unless it is known that this system should take on a subservient role to the other device connected over this interface.

Changing this value results in incrementing the configuration revision field of locally generated OAMPDUs (30.3.6.1.12) and potentially re-doing the OAM discovery process if the dot30amOperStatus was already operational(9).

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.3"

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```
::= { dot30amEntry 3 }
     dot30amMaxOamPduSize OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Unsigned32 (64..1518)
       UNITS
                   "octets"
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
         "The largest OAMPDU that the OAM entity supports. OA
         entities exchange maximum OAMPDU sizes and negotiate to use
         the smaller of the two maximum OAMPDU sizes between the peers.
         This value is determined by the local implementation.
       REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.8"
        ::= { dot30amEntry 4 }
     dot30amConfigRevision OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..65535)
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                   current
       DESCRIPTION
          "The configuration revision of the OAM entity as reflected in
         the latest OAMPDU sent by the OAM entity. The config revision
         is used by OAM entities to indicate that configuration changes
         have occurred, which might require the peer OAM entity to
         re-evaluate whether OAM peering is allowed.
         н
       REFERENCE
                   "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.12"
        ::= { dot30amEntry 5 }
     dot30amFunctionsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX
                   BITS {
                     unidirectionalSupport (0),
                     loopbackSupport(1),
                     eventSupport(2),
                     variableSupport(3)
                   }
       MAX-ACCESS read-only
       STATUS
                   current
       DESCRIPTION
         "The OAM functions supported on this Ethernet-like interface.
         OAM consists of separate functional sets beyond the basic
         discovery process that is always required. These functional
         groups can be supported independently by any implementation.
         These values are communicated to the peer via the local
         configuration field of Information OAMPDUs.
         Setting 'unidirectionalSupport(0)' indicates that the OA
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                                                              [Page 15]
```

```
entity supports the transmission of OAMPDUs on links that are
   operating in unidirectional mode (traffic flowing in one
   direction only). Setting 'loopbackSupport(1)' indicates that
   the OAM entity can initiate and respond to loopback commands.
   Setting 'eventSupport(2)' indicates that the OAM entity can
   send and receive Event Notification OAMPDUs. Setting
   'variableSupport(3)' indicates that the OAM entity can send
   and receive Variable Request and Response OAMPDUs.
   п
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.6"
 ::= \{ dot 30 am Entry 6 \}
_ _
-- Ethernet OAM Peer group
dot30amPeerTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amPeerEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "This table contains information about the OAM peer for a
   particular Ethernet-like interface. OAM entities communicate
   with a single OAM peer entity on Ethernet links on which OA
   is enabled and operating properly. There is one entry in this
   table for each entry in the dot30amTable for which information
   on the peer OAM entity is available.
   ш
  ::= { dot30amObjects 2 }
dot30amPeerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Dot30amPeerEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
        current
 DESCRIPTION
   "An entry in the table containing information on the peer OA
   entity for a single Ethernet-like interface.
   Note that there is at most one OAM peer for each Ethernet-like
   interface. Entries are automatically created when information
   about the OAM peer entity becomes available, and automatically
   deleted when the OAM peer entity is no longer in
   communication. Peer information is not available when
   dot30amOperStatus is disabled(1), linkFault(2),
   passiveWait(3), activeSendLocal(4), or nonOperHalfDuplex(10).
   н
  INDEX { ifIndex }
```

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::= { dot30amPeerTable 1 } Dot30amPeerEntry ::= SEQUENCE { dot30amPeerMacAddress MacAddress, dot30amPeerVendor0ui EightOTwoOui, dot30amPeerVendorInfo Unsigned32, dot30amPeerMode INTEGER, dot3OamPeerMaxOamPduSize dot3OamPeerConfigRevision Unsigned32, Unsigned32, dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported BITS } dot30amPeerMacAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX MacAddress MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The MAC address of the peer OAM entity. The MAC address is derived from the most recently received OAMPDU. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.5." ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 1 } dot30amPeerVendorOui OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX EightOTwoOui MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The OUI of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The OUI can be used to identify the vendor of the remote OA entity. This value is initialized to three octets of zero before any Local Information TLV is received. ш REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.16." ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 2 } dot30amPeerVendorInfo OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Vendor Info of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The semantics of the Vendor Information field is proprietary and specific to the vendor (identified by the dot3OamPeerVendorOui). This information could, for example,

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```
be used to identify a specific product or product family.
   This value is initialized to zero before any Local
   Information TLV is received.
 REFERENCE
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.17."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 3 }
dot3OamPeerMode OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
               passive(1),
               active(2),
               unknown(3)
              }
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The mode of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest
   Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The
   mode of the peer can be determined from the Configuration
   field in the Local Information TLV of the last Information
   OAMPDU received from the peer. The value is unknown(3)
   whenever no Local Information TLV has been received. The
   values of active(2) and passive(1) are returned when a Local
   Information TLV has been received indicating that the peer is
   in active or passive mode, respectively.
 REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.7."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 4 }
dot30amPeerMaxOamPduSize OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0 | 64..1518)
 UNITS
             "octets"
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
          current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The maximum size of OAMPDU supported by the peer as reflected
    in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local
   Information TLV. Ethernet OAM on this interface must not use
   OAMPDUs that exceed this size. The maximum OAMPDU size can be
   determined from the PDU Configuration field of the Local
   Information TLV of the last Information OAMPDU received from
   the peer. A value of zero is returned if no Local Information
   TLV has been received. Otherwise, the value of the OAM peer's
   maximum OAMPDU size is returned in this value.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.9."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 5 }
```

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```
dot30amPeerConfigRevision OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..65535)
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The configuration revision of the OAM peer as reflected in
   the latest OAMPDU. This attribute is changed by the peer
   whenever it has a local configuration change for Ethernet OA
   on this interface. The configuration revision can be
   determined from the Revision field of the Local Information
   TLV of the most recently received Information OAMPDU with
   a Local Information TLV. A value of zero is returned if
   no Local Information TLV has been received.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.13."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 6 }
dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
            BITS {
               unidirectionalSupport (0),
               loopbackSupport(1),
               eventSupport(2),
               variableSupport(3)
             }
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The OAM functions supported on this Ethernet-like interface.
   OAM consists of separate functionality sets above the basic
   discovery process. This value indicates the capabilities of
   the peer OAM entity with respect to these functions. This
   value is initialized so all bits are clear.
   If unidirectionalSupport(0) is set, then the peer OAM entity
   supports sending OAM frames on Ethernet interfaces when the
   receive path is known to be inoperable. If
   loopbackSupport(1) is set, then the peer OAM entity can send
   and receive OAM loopback commands. If eventSupport(2) is set,
   then the peer OAM entity can send and receive event OAMPDUs to
   signal various error conditions. If variableSupport(3) is
   set, then the peer OAM entity can send and receive variable
   requests to monitor the attribute value as described in Clause
   57 of [802.3ah].
   The capabilities of the OAM peer can be determined from the
```

configuration field of the Local Information TLV of the most recently received Information OAMPDU with a Local Information TLV. All zeros are returned if no Local Information TLV has

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```
yet been received.
 REFERENCE
             "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 30.3.6.1.7."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 7 }
-- Ethernet OAM Loopback group
dot30amLoopbackTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amLoopbackEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
            current
 DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains controls for the loopback state of the
   local link as well as indicates the status of the loopback
   function. There is one entry in this table for each entry in
   dot30amTable that supports loopback functionality (where
   dot30amFunctionsSupported includes the loopbackSupport bit
   set).
   Loopback can be used to place the remote OAM entity in a state
   where every received frame (except OAMPDUs) is echoed back
   over the same interface on which they were received. In this
   state, at the remote entity, 'normal' traffic is disabled as
   only the looped back frames are transmitted on the interface.
   Loopback is thus an intrusive operation that prohibits normal
   data flow and should be used accordingly.
  ::= { dot30amObjects 3 }
dot30amLoopbackEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Dot30amLoopbackEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
            current
 DESCRIPTION
   "An entry in the table, containing information on the loopback
   status for a single Ethernet-like interface. Entries in the
   table are automatically created whenever the local OAM entity
   supports loopback capabilities. The loopback status on the
   interface can be determined from the dot30amLoopbackStatus
   object.
   н
  INDEX
             { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amLoopbackTable 1 }
Dot30amLoopbackEntry ::=
```

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```
SEQUENCE {
   dot30amLoopbackStatus
                                     INTEGER,
   dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx
                                     INTEGER
  }
dot30amLoopbackStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
               -- all values, except where noted, can be read
                -- but cannot be written
               noLoopback (1),
                -- initiatingLoopback can be read or written
                initiatingLoopback (2),
               remoteLoopback (3),
                -- terminatingLoopback can be read or written
                terminatingLoopback (4),
               localLoopback (5),
               unknown (6)
              }
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The loopback status of the OAM entity. This status is
   determined by a combination of the local parser and
   multiplexer states, the remote parser and multiplexer states,
   as well as by the actions of the local OAM client. When
   operating in normal mode with no loopback in progress, the
   status reads noLoopback(1).
   The values initiatingLoopback(2) and terminatingLoopback(4)
   can be read or written. The other values can only be read -
   they can never be written. Writing initiatingLoopback causes
   the local OAM entity to start the loopback process with its
   peer. This value can only be written when the status is
   noLoopback(1). Writing the value initiatingLoopback(2) in any
   other state has no effect. When in remoteLoopback(3), writing
    terminatingLoopback(4) causes the local OAM entity to initiate
   the termination of the loopback state. Writing
   terminatingLoopack(4) in any other state has no effect.
   If the OAM client initiates a loopback and has sent a
   Loopback OAMPDU and is waiting for a response, where the local
   parser and multiplexer states are DISCARD (see [802.3ah,
    57.2.11.1]), the status is 'initiatingLoopback'. In this
   case, the local OAM entity has yet to receive any
   acknowledgment that the remote OAM entity has received its
   loopback command request.
```

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If the local OAM client knows that the remote OAM entity is in loopback mode (via the remote state information as described in [802.3ah, 57.2.11.1, 30.3.6.1.15]), the status is remoteLoopback(3). If the local OAM client is in the process of terminating the remote loopback [802.3ah, 57.2.11.3, 30.3.6.1.14] with its local multiplexer and parser states in DISCARD, the status is terminatingLoopback(4). If the remote OAM client has put the local OAM entity in loopback mode as indicated by its local parser state, the status is localLoopback(5).

The unknown(6) status indicates that the parser and multiplexer combination is unexpected. This status may be returned if the OAM loopback is in a transition state but should not persist.

The values of this attribute correspond to the following values of the local and remote parser and multiplexer states.

value LclPrsr LclMux RmtPrsr RmtMux noLoopback FWD FWD FWD FWD initLoopback DISCARD DISCARD FWD FWD FWD LPBK DISCARD rmtLoopback DISCARD DISCARD tmtngLoopback LPBK DISCARD DISCARD lclLoopback LPBK DISCARD DISCARD FWD * * * any other combination * * * unknown REFERENCE "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 57.2.11, 30.3.61.14, 30.3.6.1.15" ::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 1 } dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { ignore(1), process(2) } SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Since OAM loopback is a disruptive operation (user traffic does not pass), this attribute provides a mechanism to provide controls over whether received OAM loopback commands are processed or ignored. When the value is ignore(1), received loopback commands are ignored. When the value is process(2), OAM loopback commands are processed. The default value is to ignore loopback commands (ignore(1)). REFERENCE "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 57.2.11, 30.3.61.14, 30.3.6.1.15" ::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 2 }

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```
_ _
-- Ethernet OAM Statistics group
dot30amStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amStatsEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains statistics for the OAM function on a
    particular Ethernet-like interface. There is an entry in the
    table for every entry in the dot30amTable.
    The counters in this table are defined as 32-bit entries to
    match the counter size as defined in [802.3ah]. Given that
    the OA protocol is a slow protocol, the counters increment at
   a slow rate.
  ::= { dot30amObjects 4 }
dot30amStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Dot30amStatsEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the table containing statistics information on
    the Ethernet OAM function for a single Ethernet-like
    interface. Entries are automatically created for every entry
    in the dot30amTable. Counters are maintained across
    transitions in dot30amOperStatus.
    п
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amStatsTable 1 }
Dot30amStatsEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
            dot30amInformationTx
                                               Counter32,
            dot30amInformationRx
                                                Counter32,
            dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx Counter32,
dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx Counter32,
            dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx Counter32,
            dot3OamDuplicateEventNotificationRx Counter32,
            dot30amLoopbackControlTx Counter32,
            dot30amLoopbackControlRxCounter32,dot30amVariableRequestTxCounter32,dot30amVariableRequestRxCounter32,dot30amVariableResponseTxCounter32,
```

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```
dot30amVariableResponseRx Counter32,
            dot30amOrgSpecificTxCounter32,dot30amOrgSpecificRxCounter32,dot30amUnsupportedCodesTxCounter32,dot30amUnsupportedCodesRxCounter32,dot30amFramesLostDueTo0amCounter32
           }
dot30amInformationTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
  UNITS
              "frames"
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Information OAMPDUs transmitted on
    this interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "
  REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.20."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 1 }
dot30amInformationRx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
  UNITS
             "frames"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Information OAMPDUs received on this
    interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
    н
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.21."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 2 }
dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
              "frames"
  UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of unique Event OAMPDUs transmitted on
    this interface. Event Notifications may be sent in duplicate
    to increase the probability of successfully being received,
```

```
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```

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given the possibility that a frame may be lost in transit. Duplicate Event Notification transmissions are counted by dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx.

A unique Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is distinct from the previously transmitted Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.22."
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 3 }
```

dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX Counter32
UNITS "frames"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"A count of the number of unique Event OAMPDUs received on this interface. Event Notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possibility that a frame may be lost in transit. Duplicate Event Notification receptions are counted by dot3OamDuplicateEventNotificationRx.

A unique Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is distinct from the previously received Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.24."
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 4 }
```

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on this interface. Event Notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possibility that a frame may be lost in transit.

A duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is identical to the previously transmitted Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.23."
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 5 }
```

dot3OamDuplicateEventNotificationRx OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32

```
UNITS
          "frames"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"A count of the number of duplicate Event OAMPDUs received on this interface. Event Notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possibility that a frame may be lost in transit.

A duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is identical to the previously received Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.25." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 6 }

dot30amLoopbackControlTx OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 "frames" UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of Loopback Control OAMPDUs transmitted

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on this interface.

```
Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
 REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.26."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 7 }
dot30amLoopbackControlRx OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
            Counter32
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "A count of the number of Loopback Control OAMPDUs received
   on this interface.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
   ....
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.27."
 REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 8 }
dot30amVariableRequestTx OBJECT-TYPE
          Counter32
 SYNTAX
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "A count of the number of Variable Request OAMPDUs transmitted
   on this interface.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.28."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 9 }
dot30amVariableRequestRx OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
         current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Variable Request OAMPDUs received on
```

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```
this interface.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
 REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.29."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 10 }
dot30amVariableResponseTx OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
            Counter32
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "A count of the number of Variable Response OAMPDUs
   transmitted on this interface.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
   ....
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.30."
 REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 11 }
dot30amVariableResponseRx OBJECT-TYPE
          Counter32
 SYNTAX
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "A count of the number of Variable Response OAMPDUs received
   on this interface.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.31."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 12 }
dot30amOrgSpecificTx OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
          current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Organization Specific OAMPDUs
```

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transmitted on this interface.

```
Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
 REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.32."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 13 }
dot30amOrgSpecificRx OBJECT-TYPE
          Counter32
 SYNTAX
             "frames"
 UNTTS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "A count of the number of Organization Specific OAMPDUs
   received on this interface.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
   ....
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.33."
 REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 14 }
dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx OBJECT-TYPE
          Counter32
 SYNTAX
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "A count of the number of OAMPDUs transmitted on this
   interface with an unsupported op-code.
   Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
   of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
   the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.18."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 15 }
dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of OAMPDUs received on this interface
```

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with an unsupported op-code. Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.19." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 16 } dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX "frames" UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of frames that were dropped by the OA multiplexer. Since the OAM multiplexer has multiple inputs and a single output, there may be cases where frames are dropped due to transmit resource contention. This counter is incremented whenever a frame is dropped by the OAM layer. Note that any Ethernet frame, not just OAMPDUs, may be dropped by the OAM layer. This can occur when an OAMPDU takes precedence over a 'normal' frame resulting in the 'normal' frame being dropped. When this counter is incremented, no other counters in this MIB are incremented. Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.46." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 17 } _ _ -- Ethernet OAM Event Configuration group dot30amEventConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEventConfigEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Ethernet OAM includes the ability to generate and receive Event Notification OAMPDUs to indicate various link problems. This table contains the mechanisms to enable Event

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Notifications and configure the thresholds to generate the standard Ethernet OAM events. There is one entry in the table for every entry in dot30amTable that supports OAM events (where dot30amFunctionsSupported includes the eventSupport bit set). The values in the table are maintained across changes to dot30amOperStatus.

The standard threshold crossing events are:

- Errored Symbol Period Event. Generated when the number of symbol errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a number of symbols (for example, 1,000 symbols out of 1,000,000 had errors).
- Errored Frame Period Event. Generated when the number of frame errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a number of frames (for example, 10 frames out of 1000 had errors).
- Errored Frame Event. Generated when the number of frame errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a period of time (for example, 10 frames in 1 second had errors).
- Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event. Generated when the number of errored frame seconds exceeds a threshold within a given time period (for example, 10 errored frame seconds within the last 100 seconds). An errored frame second is defined as a 1 second interval which had >0 frame errors. There are other events (dying gasp, critical events) that are not threshold crossing events but which can be enabled/disabled via this table.

```
::= { dot30amObjects 5 }
```

dot30amEventConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Dot30amEventConfigEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

.....

"Entries are automatically created and deleted from this table, and exist whenever the OAM entity supports Ethernet OA events (as indicated by the eventSupport bit in dot30amFunctionsSupported). Values in the table are maintained across changes to the value of dot30amOperStatus.

Event configuration controls when the local management entity sends Event Notification OAMPDUs to its OAM peer, and when certain event flags are set or cleared in OAMPDUs.

```
INDEX
           { ifIndex }
::= { dot30amEventConfigTable 1 }
```

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```
Dot3OamEventConfigEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
            dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi
                                               Unsigned32,
           dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi
                                               Unsigned32,
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
                                               TruthValue,
            dot3OamErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable
            dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot3OamErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable TruthValue,
           dot30amErrFrameWindow
                                               Unsigned32,
           dot30amErrFrameThreshold
                                               Unsigned32,
           dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable
                                               TruthValue,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow
                                               Integer32,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold Integer32,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable
                                               TruthValue,
           dot30amDyingGaspEnable
                                               TruthValue,
            dot30amCriticalEventEnable
                                               TruthValue
          }
dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
 UNITS
             "2^32 symbols"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi and
   dot30amErrSymPeriodLo together form an unsigned 64-bit
    integer representing the number of symbols over which this
    threshold event is defined. This is defined as
  dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindow = ((2^32)*dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
    If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
   window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
   Period Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been
   crossed in this window.
   The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow is the number
   of symbols in one second for the underlying physical layer.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 1 }
dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindowLo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
 UNITS
              "symbols"
```

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```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi and
   dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindowLo together form an unsigned 64-bit
    integer representing the number of symbols over which this
    threshold event is defined. This is defined as
  dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow = ((2^32)*dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi)
                                   + dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
   If dot3OamErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
   window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
   Period Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been
   crossed in this window.
   The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow is the number
   of symbols in one second for the underlying physical layer.
 REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 2 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
             "2^32 symbols"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi and
   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo together form an unsigned
    64-bit integer representing the number of symbol errors that
   must occur within a given window to cause this event.
   This is defined as
     dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold =
                        ((2<sup>32</sup>) * dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi)
                               + dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
   If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
   window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
   Period Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been
    crossed in this window.
   The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold is one
    symbol errors. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event
```

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```
Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every
   window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to
   the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this
    threshold crossing alarm.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 3 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
 UNITS
            "symbols"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi and
   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo together form an unsigned
    64-bit integer representing the number of symbol errors that
   must occur within a given window to cause this event.
   This is defined as
     dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold =
                        ((2<sup>32</sup>) * dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi)
                               + dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
   If dot3OamErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
   window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
   Period Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been
   crossed in this window.
   The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold is one
   symbol error. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event
   Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every
   window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to
   the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this
   threshold crossing alarm.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 4 }
dot3OamErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
           TruthValue
  SYNTAX
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS
            current
 DESCRIPTION
    "If true, the OAM entity should send an Event Notification
   OAMPDU when an Errored Symbol Period Event occurs.
```

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```
By default, this object should have the value true for
   Ethernet-like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
   does not support Event Notifications (as indicated via the
   dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 5 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
 UNITS
             "frames"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
             current
 STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
   "The number of frames over which the threshold is defined.
   The default value of the window is the number of minimum size
   Ethernet frames that can be received over the physical layer
   in one second.
   If dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold frame errors occur within a
   window of dot3OamErrFramePeriodWindow frames, an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
   Period Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been
   crossed in this window.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.38"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 6 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
             "frames"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS
           current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The number of frame errors that must occur for this event to
   be triggered. The default value is one frame error. If the
   threshold value is zero, then an Event Notification OAMPDU is
   sent periodically (at the end of every window). This can be
   used as an asynchronous notification to the peer OAM entity of
   the statistics related to this threshold crossing alarm.
   If dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold frame errors occur within a
   window of dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow frames, an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
   Period Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been
   crossed in this window.
    н
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.38"
```

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::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 7 } dot3OamErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE TruthValue SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If true, the OAM entity should send an Event Notification OAMPDU when an Errored Frame Period Event occurs. By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet-like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support Event Notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored. ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 8 } dot3OamErrFrameWindow OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 UNITS "tenths of a second" MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The amount of time (in 100ms increments) over which the threshold is defined. The default value is 10 (1 second). If dot30amErrFrameThreshold frame errors occur within a window of dot30amErrFrameWindow seconds (measured in tenths of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame Event TLV indicating that the threshold has been crossed in this window. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.36" DEFVAL { 10 } ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 9 } dot30amErrFrameThreshold OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 UNITS "frames" MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of frame errors that must occur for this event to be triggered. The default value is one frame error. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this threshold crossing alarm.

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```
If dot30amErrFrameThreshold frame errors occur within a window
   of dot3OamErrFrameWindow (in tenths of seconds), an Event
   Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
   Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this
   window.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.36"
 DEFVAL \{1\}
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 10 }
dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX TruthValue
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If true, the OAM entity should send an Event Notification
   OAMPDU when an Errored Frame Event occurs.
   By default, this object should have the value true for
   Ethernet-like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
   does not support Event Notifications (as indicated via the
   dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.
 DEFVAL { true }
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 11 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Integer32 (100..9000)
 UNITS
             "tenths of a second"
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The amount of time (in 100 ms intervals) over which the
   threshold is defined. The default value is 100 (10 seconds).
   If dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold frame errors occur
   within a window of dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow (in tenths
   of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated
   with an Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event TLV indicating
   that the threshold has been crossed in this window.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.40"
 DEFVAL { 100 }
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 12 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Integer32 (1..900)
```

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```
"errored frame seconds"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The number of errored frame seconds that must occur for this
   event to be triggered. The default value is one errored frame
   second. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event
   Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every
   window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to
   the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this
   threshold crossing alarm.
   If dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold frame errors occur
   within a window of dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow (in tenths
   of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated
   with an Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event TLV indicating
   that the threshold has been crossed in this window.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.40"
 DEFVAL \{1\}
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 13 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX TruthValue
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "If true, the local OAM entity should send an Event
   Notification OAMPDU when an Errored Frame Seconds Event
   occurs.
   By default, this object should have the value true for
   Ethernet-like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
   does not support Event Notifications (as indicated via the
   dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.
 DEFVAL { true }
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 14 }
dot30amDyingGaspEnable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX TruthValue
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If true, the local OAM entity should attempt to indicate a
   dying gasp via the OAMPDU flags field to its peer OAM entity
   when a dying gasp event occurs. The exact definition of a
   dying gasp event is implementation dependent. If the system
```

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does not support dying gasp capability, setting this object has no effect, and reading the object should always result in 'false'. By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet-like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support Event Notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored. ш DEFVAL { true } ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 15 } dot30amCriticalEventEnable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If true, the local OAM entity should attempt to indicate a critical event via the OAMPDU flags to its peer OAM entity when a critical event occurs. The exact definition of a critical event is implementation dependent. If the system does not support critical event capability, setting this object has no effect, and reading the object should always result in 'false'. By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet-like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support Event Notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored. DEFVAL { true } ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 16 } _ _ -- Ethernet OAM Event Log group dot30amEventLogTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEventLogEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This table records a history of the events that have occurred at the Ethernet OAM level. These events can include locally detected events, which may result in locally generated OAMPDUs, and remotely detected events, which are detected by the OAM peer entity and signaled to the local entity via

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Ethernet OAM. Ethernet OAM events can be signaled by Event Notification OAMPDUs or by the flags field in any OAMPDU.

This table contains both threshold crossing events and non-threshold crossing events. The parameters for the threshold window, threshold value, and actual value (dot30amEventLogWindowXX, dot30amEventLogThresholdXX, dot30amEventLogValue) are only applicable to threshold crossing events, and are returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) for non-threshold crossing events.

Entries in the table are automatically created when such events are detected. The size of the table is implementation dependent. When the table reaches its maximum size, older entries are automatically deleted to make room for newer entries.

```
::= { dot30amObjects 6 }
```

dot30amEventLogEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Dot30amEventLogEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the dot30amEventLogTable. Entries are automatically created whenever Ethernet OAM events occur at the local OAM entity, and when Event Notification OAMPDUs are received at the local OAM entity (indicating that events have occurred at the peer OAM entity). The size of the table is implementation dependent, but when the table becomes full, older events are automatically deleted to make room for newer events. The table index dot30amEventLogIndex increments for each new entry, and when the maximum value is reached, the value restarts at zero. н

```
{ ifIndex, dot30amEventLogIndex }
INDEX
::= { dot30amEventLogTable 1 }
```

Dot3OamEventLogEntry ::= SEQUENCE { dot30amEventLogIndex dot30amEventLogTimestamp dot30amEventLog0ui dot30amEventLogType

> dot30amEventLogLocation dot30amEventLogWindowHi dot30amEventLogWindowLo

Unsigned32, TimeStamp, EightOTwoOui, Unsigned32, INTEGER, Unsigned32, Unsigned32, dot3OamEventLogThresholdHi Unsigned32,

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```
dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
                                     Unsigned32,
   dot30amEventLogValue
                                      CounterBasedGauge64,
                                    CounterBasedGauge64,
   dot30amEventLogRunningTotal
   dot30amEventLogEventTotal
                                      Unsigned32
dot30amEventLogIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32(1..4294967295)
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "An arbitrary integer for identifying individual events
   within the event log. "
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 1 }
dot30amEventLogTimestamp OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX TimeStamp
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The value of sysUpTime at the time of the logged event. For
   locally generated events, the time of the event can be
   accurately retrieved from sysUpTime. For remotely generated
   events, the time of the event is indicated by the reception of
   the Event Notification OAMPDU indicating that the event
   occurred on the peer. A system may attempt to adjust the
   timestamp value to more accurately reflect the time of the
   event at the peer OAM entity by using other information, such
   as that found in the timestamp found of the Event Notification
   TLVs, which provides an indication of the relative time
   between events at the peer entity. "
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 2 }
dot30amEventLogOui OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX EightOTwoOui
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
 STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
    "The OUI of the entity defining the object type. All IEEE
    802.3 defined events (as appearing in [802.3ah] except for the
   Organizationally Unique Event TLVs) use the IEEE 802.3 OUI of
    0x0180C2. Organizations defining their own Event Notification
   TLVs include their OUI in the Event Notification TLV that
   gets reflected here. "
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 3 }
                      OBJECT-TYPE
dot30amEventLogType
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
```

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```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "The type of event that generated this entry in the event log.
   When the OUI is the IEEE 802.3 OUI of 0x0180C2, the following
   event types are defined:
       erroredSymbolEvent(1),
       erroredFramePeriodEvent(2),
       erroredFrameEvent(3),
       erroredFrameSecondsEvent(4),
       linkFault(256),
       dyingGaspEvent(257),
       criticalLinkEvent(258)
   The first four are considered threshold crossing events, as
   they are generated when a metric exceeds a given value within
   a specified window. The other three are not threshold
   crossing events.
   When the OUI is not 71874 (0x0180C2 in hex), then some other
   organization has defined the event space. If event subtyping
   is known to the implementation, it may be reflected here.
   Otherwise, this value should return all F's (2<sup>32</sup> - 1).
    ш
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.10 and 57.5.3."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 4 }
dot30amEventLogLocation OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER { local(1), remote(2) }
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "Whether this event occurred locally (local(1)), or was
   received from the OAM peer via Ethernet OAM (remote(2)).
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 5 }
                           OBJECT-TYPE
dot30amEventLogWindowHi
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
   objects dot30amEventWindowHi and dot30amEventWindowLo, form
   an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the window over which the
   value was measured for the threshold crossing event (for
   example, 5, when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while
   the threshold was 10). The two objects are combined as:
```

```
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```

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```
dot3OamEventLogWindow = ((2^32) * dot3OamEventLogWindowHi)
                                   + dot30amEventLogWindowLo
   Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and
   adds no useful information.
 REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 6 }
dot30amEventLogWindowLo
                           OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
   objects dot30amEventWindowHi and dot30amEventWindowLo form an
   unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the window over which the
   value was measured for the threshold crossing event (for
   example, 5, when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while
   the threshold was 10). The two objects are combined as:
   dot3OamEventLogWindow = ((2^32) * dot3OamEventLogWindowHi)
                                   + dot30amEventLogWindowLo
   Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and
   adds no useful information.
   н
 REFERENCE
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 7 }
dot30amEventLogThresholdHi OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
           current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
   objects dot30amEventThresholdHi and dot30amEventThresholdLo
   form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the value that was
   crossed for the threshold crossing event (for example, 10,
   when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold
   was 10). The two objects are combined as:
 dot30amEventLogThreshold = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogThresholdHi)
                                    + dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
   Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and
   adds no useful information.
```

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```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 8 }
dot30amEventLogThresholdLo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
         Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
   objects dot30amEventThresholdHi and dot30amEventThresholdLo
   form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the value that was
   crossed for the threshold crossing event (for example, 10,
   when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold
   was 10). The two objects are combined as:
 dot30amEventLogThreshold = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogThresholdHi)
                                    + dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
   Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and
   adds no useful information.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 9 }
dot30amEventLogValue
                      OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX CounterBasedGauge64
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
   "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, this
   value indicates the value of the parameter within the given
   window that generated this event (for example, 11, when 11
   occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10).
   Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's
    (2<sup>64</sup> - 1) and adds no useful information.
 REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 10 }
dot30amEventLogRunningTotal
                           OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX CounterBasedGauge64
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "Each Event Notification TLV contains a running total of the
   number of times an event has occurred, as well as the number
   of times an Event Notification for the event has been
```

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```

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transmitted. For non-threshold crossing events, the number of events (dot30amLogRunningTotal) and the number of resultant Event Notifications (dot30amLogEventTotal) should be identical.

For threshold crossing events, since multiple occurrences may be required to cross the threshold, these values are likely different. This value represents the total number of times this event has happened since the last reset (for example, 3253, when 3253 symbol errors have occurred since the last reset, which has resulted in 51 symbol error threshold crossing events since the last reset).

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 11 }
```

dot30amEventLogEventTotal OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Each Event Notification TLV contains a running total of the number of times an event has occurred, as well as the number of times an Event Notification for the event has been transmitted. For non-threshold crossing events, the number of events (dot30amLogRunningTotal) and the number of resultant Event Notifications (dot30amLogEventTotal) should be identical.

For threshold crossing events, since multiple occurrences may be required to cross the threshold, these values are likely different. This value represents the total number of times one or more of these occurrences have resulted in an Event Notification (for example, 51 when 3253 symbol errors have occurred since the last reset, which has resulted in 51 symbol error threshold crossing events since the last reset).

```
REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 12 }
```

-- Ethernet OAM Notifications

dot30amThresholdEvent NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { dot30amEventLogTimestamp, dot30amEventLogOui,

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_ _

_ _

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```
dot30amEventLogType,
            dot30amEventLogLocation,
            dot30amEventLogWindowHi,
            dot30amEventLogWindowLo,
            dot30amEventLogThresholdHi,
            dot30amEventLogThresholdLo,
            dot30amEventLogValue,
            dot30amEventLogRunningTotal,
            dot30amEventLogEventTotal
          }
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A dot30amThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local or
   remote threshold crossing event is detected. A local
    threshold crossing event is detected by the local entity,
   while a remote threshold crossing event is detected by the
   reception of an Ethernet OAM Event Notification OAMPDU
    that indicates a threshold event.
   This notification should not be sent more than once per
   second.
   The OAM entity can be derived from extracting the ifIndex from
   the variable bindings. The objects in the notification
   correspond to the values in a row instance in the
   dot30amEventLogTable.
   The management entity should periodically check
   dot30amEventLogTable to detect any missed events."
 ::= { dot30amNotifications 1 }
dot30amNonThresholdEvent NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS { dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
            dot30amEventLogOui,
            dot30amEventLogType,
            dot30amEventLogLocation,
            dot30amEventLogEventTotal
          }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A dot30amNonThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local
   or remote non-threshold crossing event is detected. A local
   event is detected by the local entity, while a remote event is
   detected by the reception of an Ethernet OAM Event
   Notification OAMPDU that indicates a non-threshold crossing
   event.
   This notification should not be sent more than once per
```

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second.

The OAM entity can be derived from extracting the ifIndex from the variable bindings. The objects in the notification correspond to the values in a row instance of the dot30amEventLogTable. The management entity should periodically check dot30amEventLogTable to detect any missed events." ::= { dot30amNotifications 2 } -- Ethernet OAM Compliance group _ _ dot3OamGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot3OamConformance 1 } dot30amCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amConformance 2 } -- Compliance statements dot30amCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for managed entities supporting OAM on Ethernet-like interfaces. MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { dot30amControlGroup, dot30amPeerGroup, dot30amStatsBaseGroup } GROUP dot30amLoopbackGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations that support loopback functionality. " dot30amErrSymbolPeriodEventGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations that support event functionality. " GROUP dot30amErrFramePeriodEventGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations that support event functionality. " GROUP dot30amErrFrameEventGroup

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DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations that support event functionality. " GROUP dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryEventGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations that support event functionality. " GROUP dot30amFlagEventGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations. The ability to send critical events or dying gasp events is not required in any system." GROUP dot30amEventLogGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations. Entries in this table are dependent on what event functionality is supported in the local OA implementation. At least one type of event must be supported for entries to appear in this table. dot30amNotificationGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OA implementations. Since the information in the notifications is dependent on the dot30amEventLogTable, that table must be implemented for notifications. ::= { dot30amCompliances 1} dot30amControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { dot30amAdminState, dot30amOperStatus, dot30amMode, dot30amMaxOamPduSize, dot30amConfigRevision, dot30amFunctionsSupported } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing the abilities, configuration, and status of an Ethernet OAM entity. " ::= { dot30amGroups 1 } dot30amPeerGroup OBJECT-GROUP { dot30amPeerMacAddress, OBJECTS

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```
dot30amPeerVendorOui,
                   dot30amPeerVendorInfo,
                   dot30amPeerMode,
                   dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported,
                   dot30amPeerMaxOamPduSize,
                   dot30amPeerConfigRevision
               }
   STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects providing the abilities,
     configuration, and status of a peer Ethernet OAM entity. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 2 }
dot30amStatsBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
                   dot30amInformationTx,
               {
                   dot30amInformationRx,
                   dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx,
                   dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx,
                   dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx,
                   dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx,
                   dot30amLoopbackControlTx,
                   dot30amLoopbackControlRx,
                   dot30amVariableRequestTx,
                   dot30amVariableRequestRx,
                   dot30amVariableResponseTx,
                   dot30amVariableResponseRx,
                   dot30amOrgSpecificTx,
                   dot30amOrgSpecificRx,
                   dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx,
                   dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx,
                   dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am
               }
   STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects providing the statistics for the
     number of various transmit and receive events for OAM on an
     Ethernet-like interface. Note that all of these counters must
     be supported even if the related function (as described in
     dot30amFunctionsSupported) is not supported.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 3 }
dot30amLoopbackGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
                   dot30amLoopbackStatus,
               {
                   dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx
   STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for controlling the OAM remote
```

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```
loopback function. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 4 }
dot30amErrSymbolPeriodEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
           {
                  dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable
               }
   STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Symbol Period Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
     independently of any other. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 5 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                  dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow,
   OBJECTS
              {
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable
               }
   STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Period Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
     independently of any other. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 6 }
dot30amErrFrameEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
           { dot30amErrFrameWindow,
  OBJECTS
                  dot30amErrFrameThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable
               }
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other.
```

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```
::= { dot30amGroups 7 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
           {
                  dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow,
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable
               }
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
     independently of any other. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 8 }
dot30amFlagEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { dot30amDyingGaspEnable,
                  dot30amCriticalEventEnable
               }
   STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the sending OAMPDUs
    with the critical event flag or dying gasp flag enabled. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 9 }
dot30amEventLogGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS { dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
             dot30amEventLogOui,
             dot30amEventLogType,
             dot30amEventLogLocation,
             dot30amEventLogWindowHi,
             dot30amEventLogWindowLo,
             dot30amEventLogThresholdHi,
             dot30amEventLogThresholdLo,
             dot30amEventLogValue,
             dot30amEventLogRunningTotal,
             dot30amEventLogEventTotal
           }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event and maintaining the event
     information.
                  п
   ::= { dot30amGroups 10 }
dot30amNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
```

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```
NOTIFICATIONS {
            dot30amThresholdEvent,
            dot30amNonThresholdEvent
              }
STATUS
            current
DESCRIPTION
  "A collection of notifications used by Ethernet OAM to signal
  to a management entity that local or remote events have
  occurred on a specified Ethernet link. "
::= { dot30amGroups 11 }
```

END

7. Security Considerations

The readable objects in this module can provide information about network traffic, and therefore may be considered sensitive. In particular, OAM provides mechanisms for reading the IEEE 802.3 Clause 30 MIB attributes from a link partner via a specialized layer two protocol. Unlike SNMP, IEEE P802.3ah OAM does not include encryption or authentication mechanisms. It should be used in environments where either this interface information is not considered sensitive, or where the facility terminations are protected. By default, OAM is disabled on Ethernet-like interfaces and is therefore not a risk.

IEEE 802.3ah OAM is designed to support deployment in access and enterprise networks. In access networks, one end of a link is the CO-side, and the other is the CPE-side, and the facilities are often protected in wiring cages or closets. In such deployments, it is often the case that the CO-side is protected from access from the CPE-side. Within IEEE P802.3ah OAM, this protection from remote access is accomplished by configuring the CPE-side in passive mode using the dot30amMode attribute. This prevents the CPE from accessing functions and information at the CO-side of the connection. In enterprise networks, read-only interface information is often considered non-sensitive.

The frequency of OAM PDUs on an Ethernet interface does not adversely affect data traffic, as OAM is a slow protocol with very limited bandwidth potential, and it is not required for normal link operation. And although there are a number of objects in this module with read-write or read-create MAX-ACCESS, they have limited effects on user data.

The loopback capability of OAM can have potentially disruptive effects in that the when enabling remote loopback, the remote station automatically transmits all received traffic back to the local station except for OAM traffic. This completely disrupts all higher

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layer protocols such as bridging, IP, and SNMP. Therefore an attribute (dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx) was introduced to control whether the local station processes or ignores received loopback commands.

The administrative state and mode are also read-write objects. Disabling OAM can interrupt management activities between peer devices, potentially causing serious problems. Setting the dot3OamMode to an undesired value can allow access to Ethernet monitoring, events, and functions that may not be acceptable in a particular deployment scenario. In addition to loopback functionality, Ethernet interface statistics and events can be accessed via the OAM protocol, which may not be desired in some circumstances.

OAM event configuration also contains read-write objects. These objects control whether events are sent, and at what thresholds. Note that the frequency of event communication is limited by the frequency limits of Slow Protocols on Ethernet interfaces. Also, the information available via OAM events is also available via OA Variable Requests. Access to this information via either OAM events or Variable Requests is controlled by the dot30amAdminState and dot30amMode objects. As mentioned previously, inadequate protection of these variables can result in access to link information and functions.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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8. IANA Considerations

The Ethernet OAM MIB requires the allocation of a single object identifier for its MODULE-IDENTITY under the MIB-2 tree.

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor	OBJECT IDENTIFIER
dot30amMIB	{ mib-2 158 }

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