$$\widehat{bcd}\ \widetilde{efg}\ \dot{A}\ \dot{\boldsymbol{A}}\check{\boldsymbol{t}}\ \breve{\mathcal{A}}\ \acute{\imath}$$

$$\langle a\rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{\frac{a}{b}}{c} \right\rangle$$

$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k}$$

$$\underbrace{\overline{aaaaaaa}}_{\text{Siedém}}\ \underbrace{\overset{\frown}{aaaaa}}_{\text{pięć}}$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}}}}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\aleph_0 < 2^{\aleph_0} < 2^{2^{\aleph_0}}$$

$$x^\alpha e^{\beta x^\gamma e^{\delta x^\epsilon}}$$

$$\oint\limits_C \mathbf{F}\cdot\mathbf{dr} = \int\limits_{\mathbf{S}} \boldsymbol{\nabla}\times\mathbf{F}\cdot\mathbf{dS} \qquad \oint\limits_{\mathbf{C}} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{A}}\cdot\overrightarrow{\mathbf{dr}} = \iint\limits_{\mathbf{S}} (\boldsymbol{\nabla}\times\overrightarrow{\mathbf{A}})\,\overrightarrow{\mathbf{dS}}$$

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + \frac{nx}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)x^2}{2!} + \cdots$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\int\limits_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx &= \left[\int\limits_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \int\limits_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2} dy\right]^{1/2} \\
&= \left[\int\limits_{0}^{2\pi} \int\limits_{0}^{\infty} e^{-r^2} r\,dr\,d\theta\right]^{1/2} \\
&= \left[\pi \int\limits_{0}^{\infty} e^{-u} du\right]^{1/2} \\
&= \sqrt{\pi}
\end{aligned}$$