## Package 'MRStdCRT'

November 11, 2025

**Description** Implements model-robust standardization for cluster-randomized trials (CRTs). Provides functions that standardize user-specified regression models to estimate marginal treat-

```
ment effects. The targets include the cluster-average and individual-average treatment ef-
     fects, with utilities for variance estimation and example simulation datasets. Methods are de-
     scribed in Li, Tong, Fang, Cheng, Kahan, and Wang (2025) <doi:10.1002/sim.70270>.
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Title Model-Robust Standardization in Cluster-Randomized Trials

Type Package

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data\_sim\_binary

Example Dataset: Simulated CRT (binary outcome)

#### **Description**

A simulated dataset for demonstrating **MRStdCRT** with a binary outcome. Treatment is assigned at the cluster level and is constant within cluster.

#### Usage

```
data(data_sim_binary)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with the following variables (10 columns):

- A Cluster-level treatment assignment (0/1), constant within cluster.
- H1 Cluster-level covariate 1.
- **H2** Cluster-level covariate 2.
- N Cluster size recorded on each row (repeats within cluster).
- **X1** Individual-level covariate 1 (numeric).
- **X2** Individual-level covariate 2 (numeric or binary coded 0/1).
- Y Observed binary outcome (0/1).
- **Y0** Potential outcome under control (0/1).
- Y1 Potential outcome under treatment (0/1).

cluster\_id Cluster identifier (integer or factor), constant within cluster.

#### Source

Simulated data included with the package for examples.

#### **Examples**

```
data(data_sim_binary)
head(data_sim_binary)
with(data_sim_binary, table(A, Y))
```

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data\_sim\_continuous

Example Dataset: Simulated CRT (continuous outcome)

#### Description

A simulated dataset for demonstrating **MRStdCRT** with a continuous outcome. Treatment is assigned at the cluster level and is constant within cluster.

#### Usage

```
data(data_sim_continuous)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with the following variables (10 columns):

- A Cluster-level treatment assignment (0/1), constant within cluster.
- H1 Cluster-level covariate 1.
- **H2** Cluster-level covariate 2.
- N Cluster size recorded on each row (repeats within cluster).
- X1 Individual-level covariate 1 (numeric).
- **X2** Individual-level covariate 2 (numeric or binary coded 0/1).
- Y Observed continuous outcome.
- **Y0** Potential outcome under control (continuous).
- **Y1** Potential outcome under treatment (continuous).

cluster\_id Cluster identifier (integer or factor), constant within cluster.

## Source

Simulated data included with the package for examples.

#### **Examples**

```
data(data_sim_continuous)
head(data_sim_continuous)
table(data_sim_continuous$cluster_id)
```

4 MRStdCRT\_fit

MRStdCRT_fit	Model-robust Standardization Estimators for the Cluster Randomized
	Trials

## Description

This function performs cluster randomized trials (CRT) analysis using model-robust standardization estimators to estimate the cluster-average and individual-average treatment effect. It handles different outcome mean models (GLM, LMM, GEE, GLMM) and supports both continuous, binary, and count outcomes with options for different correlation structures and scales (risk difference, risk ratio and odds ratio).

## Usage

```
MRStdCRT_fit(
  formula,
  data,
  cluster,
  trt,
  trtprob = rep(0.5, nrow(data)),
  method,
  family = gaussian(link = "identity"),
  corstr,
  scale,
  jack = 1,
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

#### **Arguments**

formula	A formula for the outcome mean model, including covariates.
data	A data frame where categorical variables should already be converted to dummy variables.
cluster	A string representing the column name of the cluster ID in the data frame.
trt	A string representing the column name of the treatment assignment per cluster (0=control, 1=treatment).
trtprob	A vector of treatment probabilities per cluster (for each individual), conditional on covariates. Default is $rep(0.5,nrow(data))$
method	A string specifying the outcome mean model. Possible values are: - 'GLM': generalized linear model on cluster-level means (binary/continuous outcome) 'LMM': linear mixed model on individual-level observations (continuous outcome) 'GEE': marginal models fitted by generalized estimating equations 'GLMM': generalized linear mixed model.

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family	The link function for the outcome. Can be one of the following: - 'gaussian(link = "identity")': for continuous outcomes. Default is gaussian("identity") 'binomial(link = "logit")': for binary outcomes 'poisson(link = "log")': for count outcomes 'gaussian(link = "logit")': for binary outcomes with logit link to model the genealized linear model.
corstr	A string specifying the correlation structure for GEE models (e.g., "exchangeable", "independence").
scale	A string specifying the risk measure of interest. Can be 'RD' (risk difference), 'RR' (relative risk), or 'OR' (odds ratio).
jack	A numeric value (1, 2, or 3) specifying the type of jackknife standard error estimate. Type 1 is the standard jackknife, and type 3 is recommended for small numbers of clusters. Default is 1.
alpha	A numeric value for the type-I error rate. Default is 0.05.

#### Value

A list with the following components: - 'estimate': A summary table of estimates. - 'm': Number of clusters. - 'N': Total number of observations per cluster. - 'family': The family used for the model. - 'model': The method used for the outcome mean model.

#### **Examples**

```
utils::data("ppact", package = "MRStdCRT")

fit <- MRStdCRT_fit(
   formula = PEGS ~ AGE + FEMALE + comorbid + Dep_OR_Anx + pain_count + PEGS_bl +
        BL_benzo_flag + BL_avg_daily + satisfied_primary + n,
   data = ppact,
   cluster = "CLUST",
   trt = "INTERVENTION",
   trtprob = NULL,
   method = "GEE",
   corstr = "independence",
   scale = "RR"
)
summary(fit)</pre>
```

MRStdCRT\_point

Model-robust standardization in CRT Point Estimate

#### **Description**

This function calculates a model-robust point estimate for a clustered randomized trial (CRT).

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#### Usage

```
MRStdCRT_point(
  formula,
  data,
  cluster,
  trt,
  trtprob,
  family = gaussian(link = "identity"),
  corstr,
  method = "GLM",
  scale
)
```

#### **Arguments**

formula	A formula for the outcome mean model, including covariates.
data	A data frame where categorical variables should already be converted to dummy variables.
cluster	A string representing the column name of the cluster ID in the data frame.
trt	A string representing the column name of the treatment assignment per cluster.
trtprob	A vector of treatment probabilities per cluster (for each individual), conditional on covariates. Default is $rep(0.5,nrow(data))$
family	The link function for the outcome. Can be one of the following: - 'gaussian(link = "identity")': for continuous outcomes. Default is $gaussian("identity")$ - 'binomial(link = "logit")': for binary outcomes 'poisson(link = "log")': for count outcomes 'gaussian(link = "logit")': for binary outcomes with logit link to model the genealized linear model.
corstr	A string specifying the correlation structure for GEE models (e.g., "exchangeable", "independence").
method	A string specifying the outcome mean model. Possible values are: - 'GLM': Generalized linear model on cluster-level means (continuous/binary outcome) 'LMM': linear mixed model on individual-level observations (continuous outcome) 'GEE': marginal models fitted by generalized estimating equations 'GLMM': generalized linear mixed model.
scale	A string specifying the risk measure of interest. Can be 'RD' (risk difference),

## Value

A list with the following components: - 'data1': A data frame containing all individual-level observations. - 'data\_clus': A data frame containing all cluster-level summaries. - 'c(cate,iate,test\_NICS)': A vector containing: (i) cate: point estimate for cluster-average treatment effect; (ii) iate: point estimate for individual-average treatment effect; (iii) test\_NICS: value of test statistics for non-informative cluster sizes.

'RR' (relative risk), or 'OR' (odds ratio).

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ppact

Example Dataset: PPACT

#### **Description**

The Pain Program of Active Coping and Training(PPACT) is a large-scale, mixed methods, cluster-randomized trial (CRT) to compare the effectiveness of an integrated, interdisciplinary program versus usual care in treating patients with chronic pain on long-term opioid treatment (CP-LOT). The primary outcome is the impact of pain (assessed using the PEGS)

#### Usage

ppact

#### **Format**

A data frame with primary outcome, cluster-level, individual level covariates:

SID Study ID

**CLUST** Cluster

**INTERVENTION** Study arm

AGE Patient age at randomization

FEMALE Participant gender

**comorbid** Diagnosis of 2 or more of the chronic medical conditions in 6 month prior to randomization

**Dep\_OR\_Anx** Anxiety and/or depression diagnosis in 6 months prior to randomization

**pain\_count** Number of different pain types from which participants have diagnoses in 12 months prior to randomization

BL\_benzo\_flag Benzodiazepine dispensed in 6 months prior to randomization

**BL\_avg\_daily** Average morphine miligram equivalents dose per day in 6 month prior to randomization

PEGS\_bl PEGS score at baseline

satisfied\_primary Satisfaction with primary care services in prior 3 months

PEGS PEGS score

n cluster size

#### Source

ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT02113592, The manuscript of the study's main outcomes is published in the Annals of Internal Medicine (https://doi.org/10.7326/M21-1436).

8 summary.MRS\_obj

summary.MRS\_obj Summar

Summarize a MRS\_obj Fit

#### **Description**

Print a concise summary of a model-robust standardization CRT fit, including the c-ATE and i-ATE estimates with SEs and CIs.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MRS_obj'
summary(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

```
object An object of class MRS_obj, as returned by MRStdCRT_fit().
... Additional arguments (currently ignored).
```

#### Value

Invisibly returns the original MRS\_obj object, after printing:

- Fitting method and family,
- Number of clusters and cluster sizes,
- A three-column table (Estimate, SE, 95% CI) with rownames c-ATE and i-ATE,
- The NICS test statistic and p-value.

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